Outline	Autonomous robots	Agents	Environments	Agent types	Typical components	Example soccer robot

## Overview Agents, environments, typical components CSC752 Autonomous Robotic Systems

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Autonomous robots

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#### Autonomous systems

## Autonomous robots / autonomous agents ?

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#### Autonomous robots

### Robot

A robot is a autonomous system which exists in the physical world, can sense its environment and can act on it to achieve some goals.

### Autonomous robot

- An autonomous robot acts on its own decisions.
- It is not **directly** controlled by humans.
- Take an appropriate action for any given situation.

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### Robots

#### Situatedness

Agents are strongly affected by the environment and deal with its immediate demands (not its abstract models) directly.

## Embodiment

Agents have bodies, are strongly constrained by those bodies, and experience the world through those bodies, which have a dynamic with the environment.

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# Agents

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#### Agent definitions

- Russell und Norvig
  - "An agent is anything that can be viewed as perceiving its environment through sensors and acting upon that environment through effectors."

#### Wooldridge and Jennings

- A weak notion: Essential properties of agents:
  - autonomy: agents operate without direct intervention of humans, and have control over their actions and internal states;
  - social ability: agents interact with other agents (and possibly humans) via an agent communication language;
  - reactivity: agents perceive their environment and respond in a timely and rational fashion to changes that occur in it;
  - pro-activeness: agents do not simply act in response to their environment, they are capable of taking the initiative (generate their own goals and act to achieve them).

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#### Agent definitions

- Wooldridge and Jennings
  - A stronger notion: An agent has mental properties, such as knowledge, belief, intention, obligation. In addition, and agent has other properties such as:
    - mobility: agents can move around from one machine to another and across different system architectures and platforms;
    - veracity: agents do not knowingly communicate false information;
    - benevolence: agents always try to do what they are asked of;
    - rationality: agents will try to achieve their goals and not act in such a way to prevent their goals from being achieved.

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## Agent definitions

- Gheorghe Tecuci
  - An intelligent agent is a knowledge-based system that perceives its environment, reasons to interpret perceptions, draw inferences, solve problems, and determine actions; and acts upon that environment to realize a set of goals or tasks for which it was designed...

## IBM

One last definition: Intelligent agents are software entities that carry out some set of
operations on behalf of a user or another program with some degree of independence or
autonomy, and in so doing, employ some knowledge or representation of the user's goals or
desires.

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## Agents and environments



Agents interact with environments through sensors and actuators.

- Perception, perception sequences
- Agent function (abstract)
- Agent program (concrete)

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#### Good behavior: rationality

### • Rational agent

- A rational agent is one that does the right thing...
- First approximation, we will say that the right action is the one that will cause the agent to be most successful.
- Problem: How and when do we decide whether or not the agent was successful?

#### • Performance measures

- Subjective
  - Agent evaluates himself.
- Objective
  - Evaluation done by observer: he defines standards for being successful in the environment.

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• Example: soccer agent.

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## Good behavior

- Omniscience and rationality
  - An omniscient agent knows the effects of its actions and can act accordingly.
  - But: who knows it all?  $\rightarrow$  theoretical.
  - Rationality: expected success based on things that can be perceived.
- Rationality based on
  - The performance measure that defines the criterion of success.
  - The agent's prior knowledge of the environment.
  - The actions that the agent can perform.
  - The agent's percept sequence to date.

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### Ideal rational agent

- An ideal rational agent...
  - For each possible percept sequence, a rational agent should select an action that is expected to maximize its performance measure, given the evidence provided by the percept sequence and whatever built-in knowledge the agent has.

## Autonomy

- Inherent knowledge.
- A system is autonomous, if its behavior is determined by its own experience.

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## Environments

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#### Environments

Agent Type	Performance Measure	Environment	Actuators	Sensors
Taxí driver	Safe, fast, legal, comfortable trip, maximize profits	Roads, other traffic, pedestrians, customers	Steering, accelerator, brake, signal, horn, display	Cameras, sonar, speedometer, GPS, odometer, accelerometer, engine sensors, keyboard

## • PEAS for an automated taxi

- P: performance measure
- E: environment
- A: actuators/effectors
- S: Sensors

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#### Environment characteristics

- Fully observable vs. partially observable
- Deterministic vs. stochastic
- Episodic vs. Sequential
- Static vs. Dynamic
- Discrete vs. Continuous
- Single-agent vs. Multi-agents

Observable	Deterministic	Episodic	Static	Discrete	Agents
Fully	Deterministic	Sequential	Static	Discrete	Single
Fully	Strategic	Sequential	Semi	Discrete	Multi
Partially	Strategic	Sequential	Static	Discrete	Multi
Fully	Stochastic	Sequential	Static	Discrete	Multi
Partially	Stochastic	Sequential	Dynamic	Continuous	Multi
Partially	Stochastic	Sequential	Dynamic	Continuous	Single
Fully	Deterministic	Episodic	Semi	Continuous	Single
Partially	Stochastic	Episodic	Dynamic	Continuous	Single
Partially	Stochastic	Sequential	Dynamic	Continuous	Single
Partially	Stochastic	Sequential	Dynamic	Discrete	Multi
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## Example: standard problems: Chess vs. RoboCup

	Chess	RoboCup
Environment	static	dynamic
State change	with each move	always (real time)
Information access	given	incomplete
Sensors	symbolic	not symbolic
Control	central	distributed

- A RoboCup environment is a partially observable, stochastic, dynamic, continuous, multi-agent environment.
- Real-time.

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## Robots and uncertainty

- Uncertainty is a key property of existence in the physical world.
- Physical sensors provide limited, noisy, and inaccurate information.
- Physical effectors produce limited, noisy, and inaccurate action.
- The uncertainty of physical sensors and effectors is not well characterized, so robots have no available a priori models.

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## Robots and uncertainty

- A robot can not accurately know the answers to the following:
  - Where am I?
  - Where are my body parts, are they working, what are they doing?
  - What did I just do?
  - What will happen if I do X?
  - Who/what are you, where are you, what are you doing, etc.?
  - ...

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# Agent types

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## Agents types

### Spectrum of robot control:



From "Behavior-Based Robotics" by R. Arkin, MIT Press, 1998

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We outline four basic kinds of agent programs that embody the principles underlying almost all intelligent systems:

- Simple reflex agents
  - condition-action rules
- Model-based reflex agents
  - internal states

- Goal-based agents
  - explicit goals, more flexible
- Utility-based agents
  - explicit utility functions, degree of happiness

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## Simple reflex agents



- Actions based only on the current percept
- No history

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#### Model-based reflex agents



- History for partial access of environment
- Internal states
- Update needs two kinds of knowledge:
  - How does the world function without agent
  - What kind of effects does agent have on environment
    - $\rightarrow$  Model of the world

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#### Goal-based agents



- Model-based and goal-oriented agent
- Goal helps select actions
- Combination of goal and feasible actions
- Selection sometimes easy, most of the time difficult
  - $\rightarrow$  search, planning

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## Utility-based agents



- $\bullet\,$  Goal-orientated sometimes not enough  $\rightarrow\,$  e.g. various paths to Rome
- Priority with utility value
- Utility function as mapping between state and a real number
- Advantages with goal conflicts and uncertainty

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### Learning agents



- Learning element for improvement
- Performance element for selection of external actions
- Critique: performance of agent?
- Problem generator for exploration

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Outline O	Autonomous robots	Agents	Environments	Agent types	Typical components	Example soccer robot

- Previous agent types from "S. J. Russell and P. Norvig. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach."
- Focus so far on decision-making.
- Usually there are other parts in the architecture of an autonomous robot.

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## The model-based reflex agent:



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## Split into a modeling and behavior:





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# Example soccer robot

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## Example soccer robot



- What do these robots do?
- Same categories:
  - Perception
  - Modeling
  - Behavior
  - Motions
  - Control

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## Perceptions



From image processing:

- ball
- goalposts
- field lines
- parts of other robots

## Other:

- current joint angles
- battery state
- accelerometer

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#### Modeling

- Self-localization
- Estimate orientation of the robot (standing/lying)
- Ball tracking
- Opponent tracking



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## Behavior

- Decide what to do based on
  - current world model,
  - team communication,
  - role,
  - current plan,
  - internal state,
  - ...

```
• Select actions (e.g. "walk forward", "left kick")
```

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## Motion & control

#### Motion:

- Walking, kick, stand-up, ...
- Set an angle for each joint.
  - Calculate trajectories, inverse kinematics, balancing, ...
  - Execute static angle sequences.

### Control

• Move joints to the target positions.

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Acknowledgement

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